Preparing to talk to your care team about TECENTRIQ

Whether you or a loved one is living with colon cancer, you may be feeling a range of emotions. Your care team is here to guide you on next steps. Be sure to share any questions and concerns with them so they can better support your care. This guide may be helpful in preparing for your next visit.

Why TECENTRIQ?

Your doctor has recommended TECENTRIQ in combination with chemotherapy* to help keep your cancer from coming back after surgery. TECENTRIQ is an immunotherapy to treat patients who have:

- stage 3 colon cancer
- already had surgery
- tested positive for mismatch repair deficient (dMMR)

dMMR is a biomarker that can be found in your tumor through a biomarker test. Cancers positive for dMMR stand out to your immune system, making them susceptible to immunotherapy. Your biomarker results help your doctor create a personalized treatment plan.

*Chemotherapy=a fluoropyrimidine and oxaliplatin.

Ways to prepare for your next doctor's appointment



Keep a treatment journal

so you and your caregiver can write down questions, concerns, and helpful information from your doctor



Ask a friend or family member to help take notes

and provide emotional support



Have your health information handy

including your health history, current medications, and insurance card



Advocate for yourself

by taking the time to ask questions, and by being open and honest with your doctor

WHAT IS TECENTRIQ?

TECENTRIQ is a prescription medicine used to treat:

Adults and children 2 years of age and older with a type of colon cancer. TECENTRIQ may be used with a fluoropyrimidine and oxaliplatin medicine:

- to help prevent your colon cancer from coming back after your tumor(s) have been removed by surgery, **and**
- You have stage 3 colon cancer, and your tumor has been shown by a laboratory test to be mismatch repair deficient (dMMR).

It is not known if TECENTRIQ is safe and effective when used in children:

- younger than 2 years of age for the treatment of colon cancer.

Please see full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide for additional Important Safety Information.

TECENTRIQ® atezolizumab 840 mg | 1200 mg INJECTION FOR IV USE

Possible questions to ask your care team

You may have some questions throughout your treatment with TECENTRIQ for stage 3 dMMR colon cancer. Here are some questions you might want to ask your doctor and care team, to feel ready for every step of your treatment journey:

Starting TECENTRIQ

- [ ] Why is it important to take TECENTRIQ after surgery?
- [ ] What is the benefit of taking TECENTRIQ with chemotherapy?
- [ ] What can TECENTRIQ do for me?
- [ ] How long will I be on treatment?
- [ ] What are the side effects of TECENTRIQ and are they different from the side effects of TECENTRIQ + chemotherapy?
- [ ] What are the most common side effects of TECENTRIQ + chemotherapy?
- [ ] Can I change from TECENTRIQ IV infusions to TECENTRIQ HYBREZA injections after I finish chemotherapy?

Receiving TECENTRIQ

- [ ] What are my options for how I receive TECENTRIQ?
- [ ] Will the way I receive treatment affect where my treatment takes place?
- [ ] How often do I need to receive treatment with TECENTRIQ?
- [ ] What is the TECENTRIQ treatment schedule?
- [ ] How should I prepare for my first treatment?
- [ ] What should I expect on a treatment day?

Navigating your daily life with confidence

- [ ] How will this treatment affect my daily life?
- [ ] What should I do if I experience side effects?
- [ ] How might this treatment affect my sexual health, both during and after treatment?
- [ ] How might this treatment affect my future ability to have children, and should we discuss fertility preservation options before I start?

Since TECENTRIQ is part of both phases of your treatment, you may experience side effects from it at any time. You may also notice that side effects from your chemotherapy carry over into your second part of treatment, when you are receiving TECENTRIQ alone. Some of these side effects can last even after all of your treatments are finished. **Most chemotherapy side effects can be managed. It is important to talk to your healthcare team about how you are feeling and let them know right away if you experience side effects so they can help you manage them. You can learn more about the side effects of TECENTRIQ in the Medication Guide.**

There are programs that may help you pay for TECENTRIQ.
Scan or click here to learn more about financial support.

Please see full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide for additional Important Safety Information.

TECENTRIQ Hybreza™
atezolizumab/hyaluronidase-tqjs
SUBCUTANEOUS INJECTION 1875 mg/30,000 units

TECENTRIQ®
atezolizumab
840 mg | 1200 mg
INJECTION FOR IV USE

Notes

Use this page to write down any notes or anything you want to remember during your appointments.

Please see full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide for additional Important Safety Information.

TECENTRIQ®
atezolizumab 840 mg | 1200 mg INJECTION FOR IV USE

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information about TECENTRIQ?

TECENTRIQ can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in any area of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become severe or life-threatening and can lead to death. You can have more than one of these problems at the same time. These problems may happen anytime during your treatment or even after your treatment has ended.

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

Lung problems

- cough
- shortness of breath
- chest pain

Intestinal problems

- diarrhea (loose stools) or more frequent bowel movements than usual
- stools that are black, tarry, sticky, or have blood or mucus
- severe stomach-area (abdomen) pain or tenderness

Liver problems

- yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes
- severe nausea or vomiting
- pain on the right side of your stomach area (abdomen)
- dark urine (tea colored)
- bleeding or bruising more easily than normal

Hormone gland problems

- headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches
- eye sensitivity to light
- eye problems
- rapid heartbeat
- increased sweating
- extreme tiredness
- weight gain or weight loss
- feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual
- urinating more often than usual
- hair loss
- feeling cold
- constipation
- your voice gets deeper
- dizziness or fainting
- changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness

Kidney problems

- decrease in your amount of urine
- blood in your urine
- swelling of your ankles
- loss of appetite

Skin problems

- rash
- itching
- skin blistering or peeling
- painful sores or ulcers in your mouth or your nose, throat, or genital area
- fever or flu-like symptoms
- swollen lymph nodes

Problems can also happen in other organs.

These are not all of the signs and symptoms of immune system problems that can happen with TECENTRIQ. Call or see your healthcare provider right away for any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

- Chest pain, irregular heartbeat, shortness of breath, or swelling of ankles
- Confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems, tingling or numbness of the arms or legs
- Double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eye pain, changes in eyesight
- Persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps
- Low red blood cells, bruising

Please see full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide for additional Important Safety Information.

TECENTRIQ®
atezolizumab 840 mg | 1200 mg INJECTION FOR IV USE

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Infusion reactions that can sometimes be severe or life-threatening. Signs and symptoms of infusion reactions may include:

- chills or shaking
- itching or rash
- flushing
- shortness of breath or wheezing
- dizziness
- feeling like passing out
- fever
- back or neck pain

Rejection of a transplanted organ or tissue. Your healthcare provider should tell you what signs and symptoms you should report and monitor you depending on the type of organ or tissue transplant that you have had.

Complications, including graft-versus-host disease (GVHD), in people who have received a bone marrow (stem cell) transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic). These complications can be serious and can lead to death. These complications may happen if you underwent transplantation either before or after being treated with TECENTRIQ. Your healthcare provider will monitor you for these complications.

Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious. Your healthcare provider will check you for these problems during your treatment with TECENTRIQ. Your healthcare provider may treat you with corticosteroid or hormone replacement medicines. Your healthcare provider may also need to delay or completely stop treatment with TECENTRIQ if you have severe side effects.

Before you receive TECENTRIQ, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have immune system problems such as Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or lupus
- have received an organ or tissue transplant, including corneal transplant
- have received or plan to receive a stem cell transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic)
- have received radiation treatment to your chest area
- have a condition that affects your nervous system, such as myasthenia gravis or Guillain-Barré syndrome
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. TECENTRIQ can harm your unborn baby. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with TECENTRIQ. **Females who are able to become pregnant:**
  - Your healthcare provider should do a pregnancy test before you start treatment with TECENTRIQ.
  - You should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for at least 5 months after the last dose of TECENTRIQ.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if TECENTRIQ passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for at least 5 months after the last dose of TECENTRIQ.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

The most common side effects of TECENTRIQ when used in colon cancer with a fluoropyrimidine and oxaliplatin include:

- nausea
- diarrhea
- numbness, tingling, or pain in the hands or feet
- decreased appetite
- stomach-area (abdominal) pain
- constipation
- cough
- shortness of breath
- mouth swelling (sometimes with sores)
- vomiting
- fever

TECENTRIQ may cause fertility problems in females, which may affect the ability to have children. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have concerns about fertility.

These are not all the possible side effects of TECENTRIQ. Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for more information about the benefits and side effects of TECENTRIQ.

You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch. You may also report side effects to Genentech at 1-888-835-2555.

TECENTRIQ®
atezolizumab 840 mg | 1200 mg INJECTION FOR IV USE

Genentech
A Member of the Roche Group

Please see full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide for additional Important Safety Information.

© 2026 Genentech, Inc. All rights reserved.
M-US-00032694(v1.0)